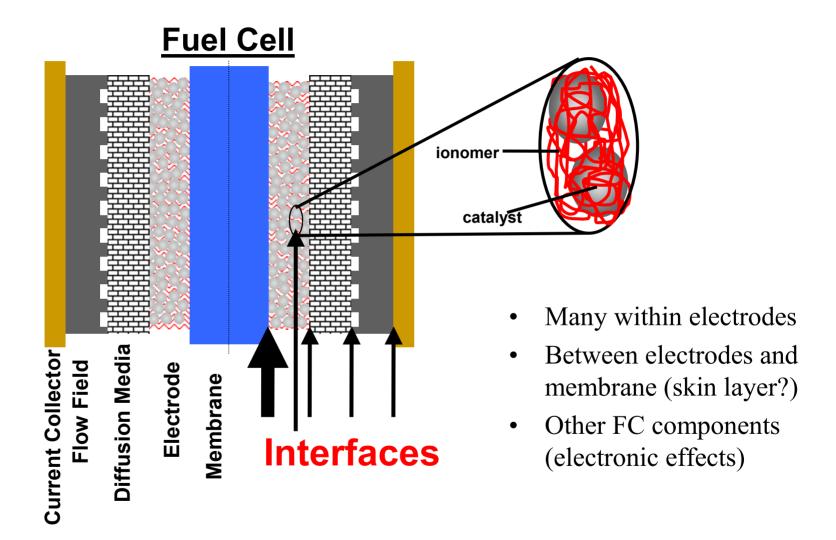
# MEA and Interfacial Issues in Low Temperature Fuel Cells

Bryan Pivovar

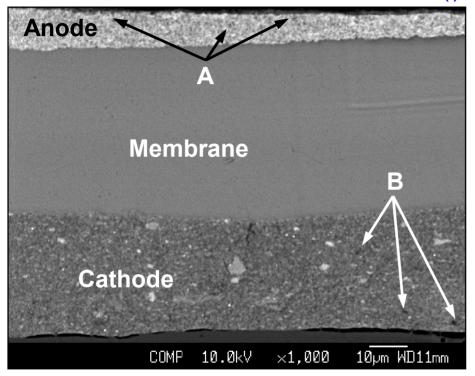
Los Alamos National Laboratory

### Interfaces in a Fuel Cell

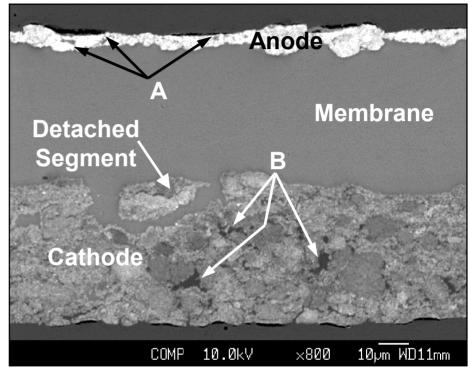


## SEM Pictures Comparing MEA Cross-Section Before/After ~2200 Durability Test

Cryogenic Sectioning with  $N_{2(l)}$  Used to Obtain MEA Cross-Sections



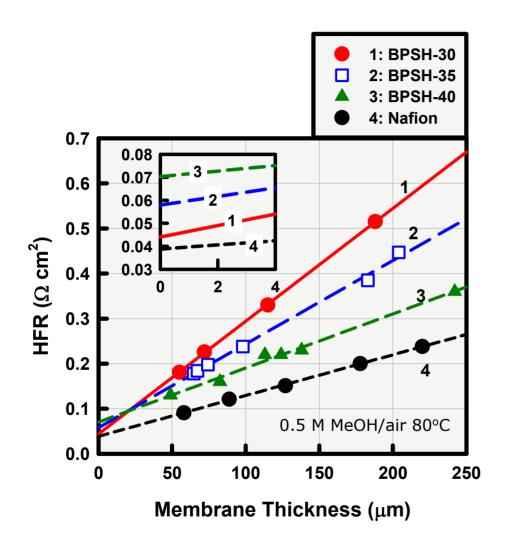
• Relatively uniform catalyst layer compositions & thicknesses.



- Significant deterioration of catalyst layer compositions & structures.
- Decrease in thickness uniformity of catalyst layers.

<sup>\*</sup>Wood et. al., 206th Meeting of The Electrochemical Society, Honolulu, Hawaii, October 5th, 2004

#### **Membrane – Electrode Interface**

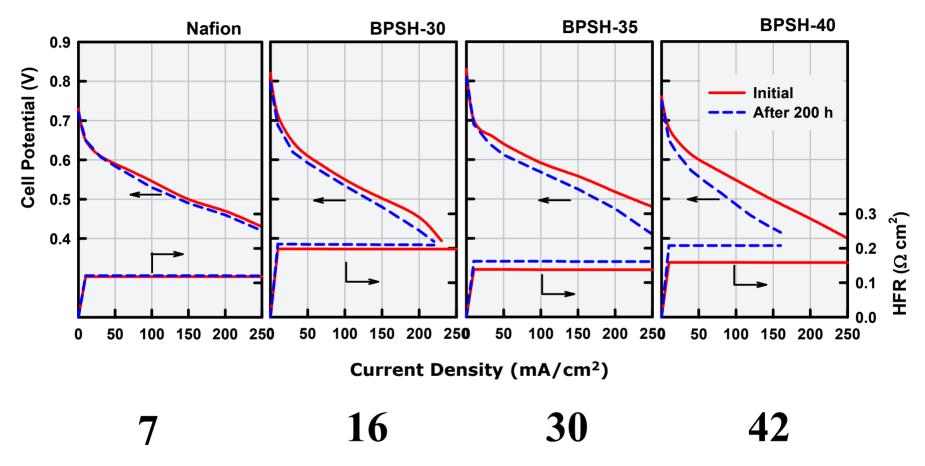


Conductivity,  $\sigma$ , Interfacial Resistance,  $R_{interface}$ 

Membrane	σ (mS/cm)	$R_{interface}$ $(m\Omega cm^2)$
BPSH-30	39	16
BPSH-35	54	30
BPSH-40	<b>78</b>	42
Nafion	111	7

$$HFR = R_{non-mem} + R_{mem}(x)$$
  
 $R_{non-mem} = R_{elec} + R_{int}$ 

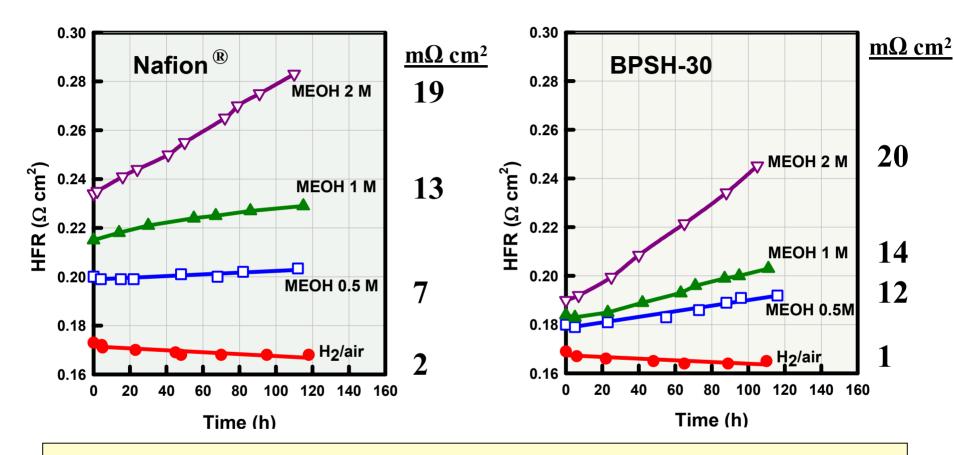
### Influence of Interfacial Compatibility on Longer-Term Performance



Interfacial resistances (m $\Omega$  cm<sup>2</sup>)

0.5 M MeOH/air 80°C

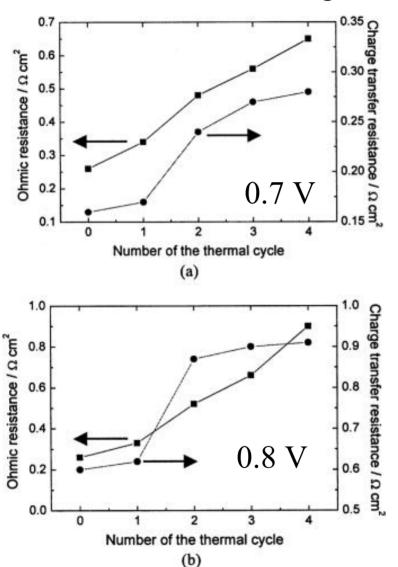
## Effect of Methanol Feed Concentration on Cell Resistance during Extended-Term Test



#### **Correlated Factors:**

Initial Interfacial Resistance, HFR gain, performance loss

#### Literature Degradation: Interfacial Failure?

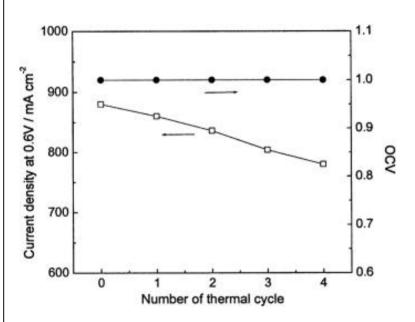


- Membrane resistance was not changed after thermal cycling
- Increased resistance most likely due to interfacial losses

Ref. Cho et. al. *J. Electrochem. Soc.* **150**, A1667 (2003)

# Performance degradation after freezing/thawing cycle

### ✓ OCV was maintained while current density at 0.6 V decreased.



Effects of thermal cycles from 80 to  $-10^{\circ}$ C on the OCV and current density measured at a cell voltage of 0.6 V and at a cell temperature of  $80^{\circ}$ C.

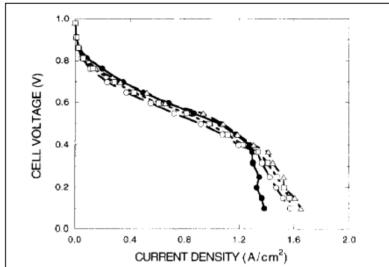


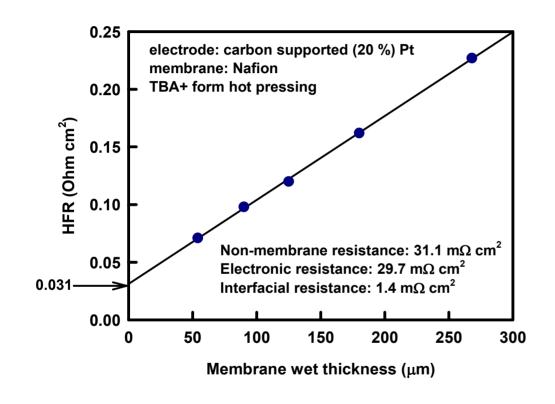
Fig. 12. Effect of several freeze-thaw cycles on the performance of a single cell with TBA<sup>+</sup> thin film catalyst layers. Frozen at  $-10^{\circ}$ C. Operation conditions are the same as in Fig. 2. (lacktriangle before freezing, ( $\triangle$ ) after the 1st freeze, ( $\bigcirc$ ) after the 2nd freeze, and ( $\square$ ) after the 3rd freeze.

*Electrochem. Acta*, Wilson et al., **40**, 355, (1995)

#### Performance discrepancies

Ref. Cho et. al. *J. Electrochem. Soc.* **150**, A1667 (2003)

### Interfacial Resistance between Nafion and Carbon Supported Pt Electrode

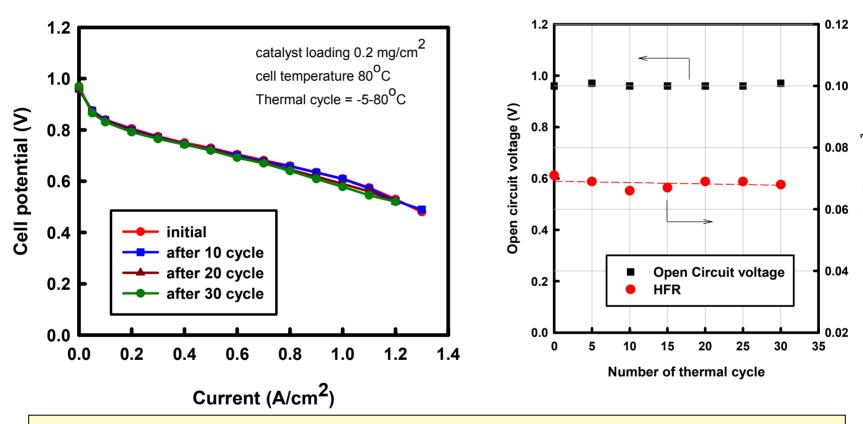


• Interfacial resistance between Pt electrode (20% carbon supported) and Nafion membrane was small (1.4 m $\Omega$  cm<sup>2</sup>).

Cell HFR vs. Membrane Thickness

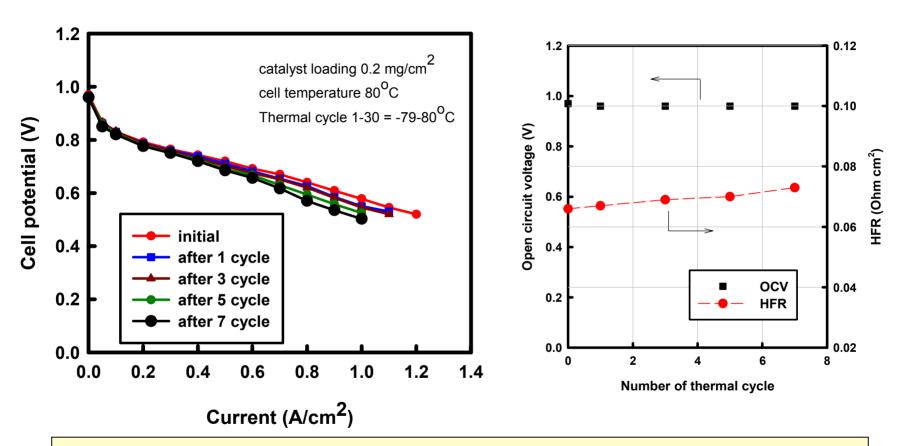
 MEA was fabricated from TBA+ form Nafion solution followed by hot pressing (220 °C).

### Performance Change after Freeze/thawing Cycle (Temp. cycle = -5-80°C)



• We observed no performance degradation after 30 freeze/thawing cycle (-5-80°C) with stable OCV and HFR.

### Performance Change after Freeze/thawing Cycle (Temp. cycle = -79-80°C)



• We observed the noticeable performance decreased after 7 freeze/thawing cycle (-79-80°C) with increasing HFR.

### Summary of Results

	Cho et al.	Wilson et al.	This work	
Membrane	Nafion 115	Nafion 112	Nafion 112	
Electrode	20 wt% Pt/C (0.4 mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	20 wt% Pt/C (0.16 mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	20 wt% Pt/C	(0.2 mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )
GDL	wet proofed carbon paper	hydrophobic carbon cloth	hydrophobio	c carbon cloth
MEA processing	Catalyst ink sprayed on GDL / 140°C hot pressing	Decal painting (TBA+ form catalyst) / 200°C hot pressing	Decal painting (TBA+ form catalyst) / 200°C hot pressing	
F/T cycle	-10 – 80°C (4 cycle)	-10 – 80°C (3 cycle)	-5 – 80°C (30 cycle)	-79 – 80°C (7 cycle)
Results	Performance drop, HFR increase, catalyst loss	No performance loss	No performance loss	Performance drop HFR increase

### Influence of MEA processing Conditions

Membrane	Nafion 112				
Electrode	20 wt% Pt/C (0.2 mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )				
GDL	hydrophobic carbon cloth	hydrophobic carbon cloth	wet proofed carbon paper		
MEA processing	Catalyst ink painted on GDL / 140°C hot pressing	Catalyst ink painted on membrane / 140°C hot pressing	Catalyst ink painted on GDL / 140°C hot pressing		
F/T cycle	-5 - 80°C				
	(~10 cycles)				
Results	Preliminary work suggests little effect from GDL choice and MEA processing				

#### **Effect of Conditions**

- Material Concerns
  - MEA (prep, composition)
  - GDL
  - Bipolar/End plates
- Operational
  - Water content
  - Temperature (time)